

# What should I do if... My landlord is harassing me?

### What is Harassment?

Any action that your landlord takes to force you out of your apartment or make you give up your rights as a tenant is harassment.

Harassing actions include the following:

- Purposeful denial of repairs or services
- Yelling, name calling or issuing threats
- Physical intimidation or violence
- Taking you to court again and again without a good reason
- Entering your apartment without telling you in advance

Many landlords harass rent regulated tenants to force them out of their apartments so that they can raise the rent. It is illegal for your landlord to harass you for any reason, even if you are not in this country legally.

Remember: you are not alone! Stand up for your rights!

## What should I do if I think I've been harassed by my landlord?

If your landlord physically harms you or threatens to do so, call the police immediately. Write down the date and time of the call, who you talked to and what the person said. If you are not comfortable calling the police, contact Tenants & Neighbors or a community group for assistance.



Document every incident in detail soon after it occurs, even if you are not sure that it counts as harassment. Write down what happened, when, and where.

Below are some options for dealing with harassment. You can choose to do more than one option at a time.

### Option 1:

File a RA-60H form, also known as a "Tenant's Statement of Complaint(s) - Harassment" form with the Division of Housing and Community Renewal (DHCR). DHCR will fine landlords up to \$5,000 and freeze your rent if your landlord is found guilty of harassment. DHCR's contact information is below. Keep in mind that this is a very slow process and that you will not be able to keep the fines that DHCR collects.

### Option 2:

You can also bring a Housing Part action against your landlord in housing court. If your landlord is found guilty of harassment he or she could be fined up to \$5,000 by the city. Each borough has its own housing court. See below for more information on where to go. Note that you will not be able to keep the fines that the court collects.

### **Option 3:**

Organize a tenant association. Start by getting your neighbors together in someone's living room or in the building lobby to discuss the problems and ask Tenants & Neighbors for assistance. Going to DHCR or housing court as a group is more powerful than going alone. Keep in mind that tenants have the legal right to meet in the public areas of the building.

## Won't my landlord harass me more if he or she finds out I complained?

If the landlord continues to harass you, the landlord will be more likely to be found guilty, be charged fines, and denied rent increases by the DHCR. More serious consequences can result in extreme cases.

#### Take Action!

Organize to Preserve Affordable Housing!

Contact Tenants & Neighbors to learn how to get involved:

Phone : (212) 608 4320 EXT 306 Email: RNicol@tandn.org

Website: <u>www.tandn.org</u> 255 West 36<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 505 New York NY 10018

Text "TANDN" to (855) 610-2450 To get your rent history! You can see from your rent history if your unit is being overcharged!

## File a harassment complaint with DHCR

(New York State Division of Housing and Community Renewal)

All rent information: 1 (833) 499-0343 / tpuinfo@hcr.ny.gov / https://hcr.ny.gov/

## File an HP Action Case Against the landlord in Housing Court

Bronx Bureau: 1118 Grand Concourse, Bronx, NY 10456 / 646-386-5750
Brooklyn Bureau: 141 Livingston Street, Brooklyn, NY 11201 / (646) 386-5700
Upper Manhattan Bureau: (Harlem Community Justice Center): CURRENTLY
CLOSED

Lower Manhattan Bureau: 111 Centre Street, New York, NY, 10013 / (646) 386-5500 Queens Bureau: 89-17 Sutphin Blvd, Jamaica, NY, 11435 / (718) 262-7145

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